



## Paul's Glory Hosta



*Hosta 'Paul's Glory'*

Plant Height: 24 inches

Flower Height: 32 inches

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight:  

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

### Description:

A fairly large variety with interesting foliage that changes as the seasons progress; heart shaped leaves emerge chartreuse with blue-green margins in the spring, changing to golden yellow with deep green by summer; pale lavender flowers by midsummer

### Ornamental Features

Paul's Glory Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive large textured heart-shaped leaves emerge chartreuse in spring, turning gold in color with distinctive emerald green edges throughout the season.

### Landscape Attributes

Paul's Glory Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Paul's Glory Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;



*Paul's Glory Hosta*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Paul's Glory Hosta*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

**Planting & Growing**

Paul's Glory Hosta will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity extending to 32 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.